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**Background**

The ASABE hosts the International 1/4 Scale Tractor Student Design Competition each year where 27 universities build a tractor and compete in a unique 360-degree workplace experience. Teams are only given an engine and rear tires and the rest must be designed following strict rules.

**Project Goals**

The team's goals for this tractor design are:

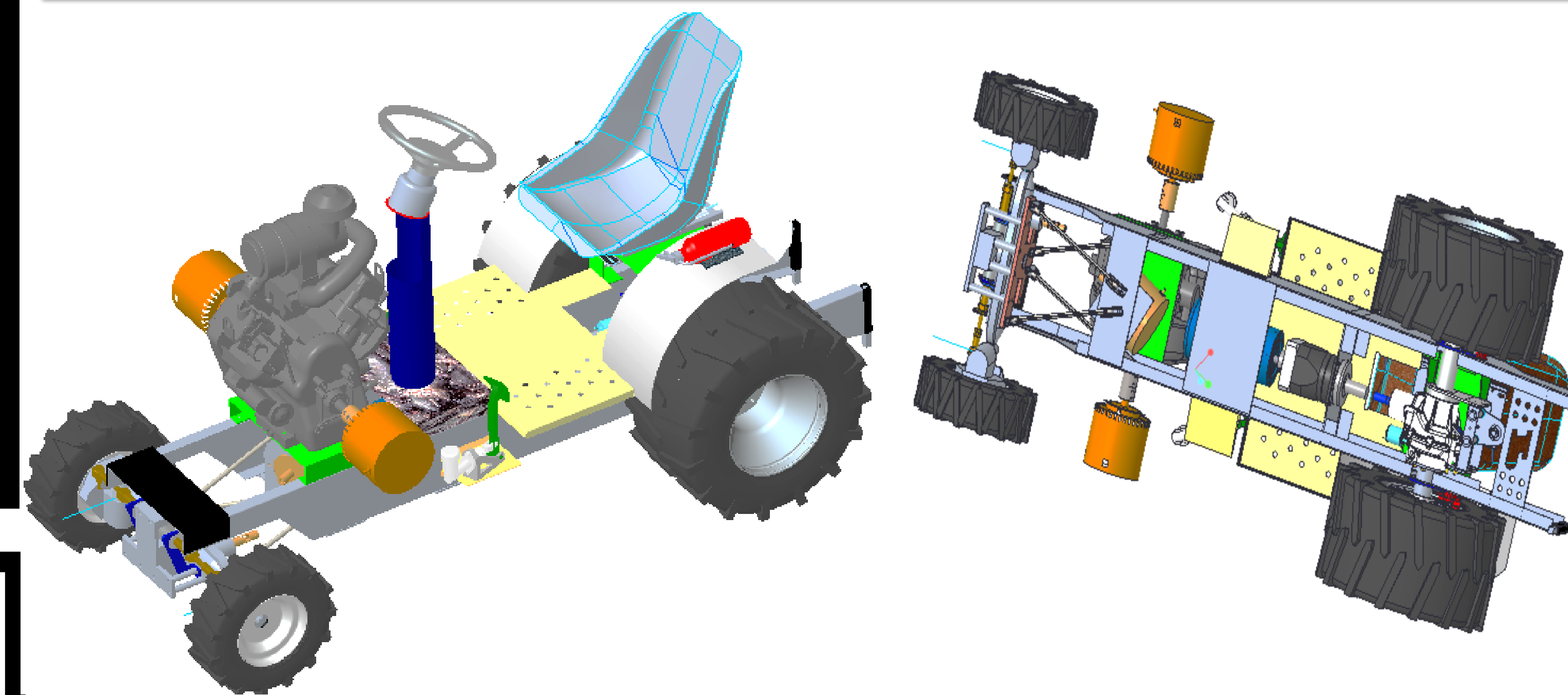
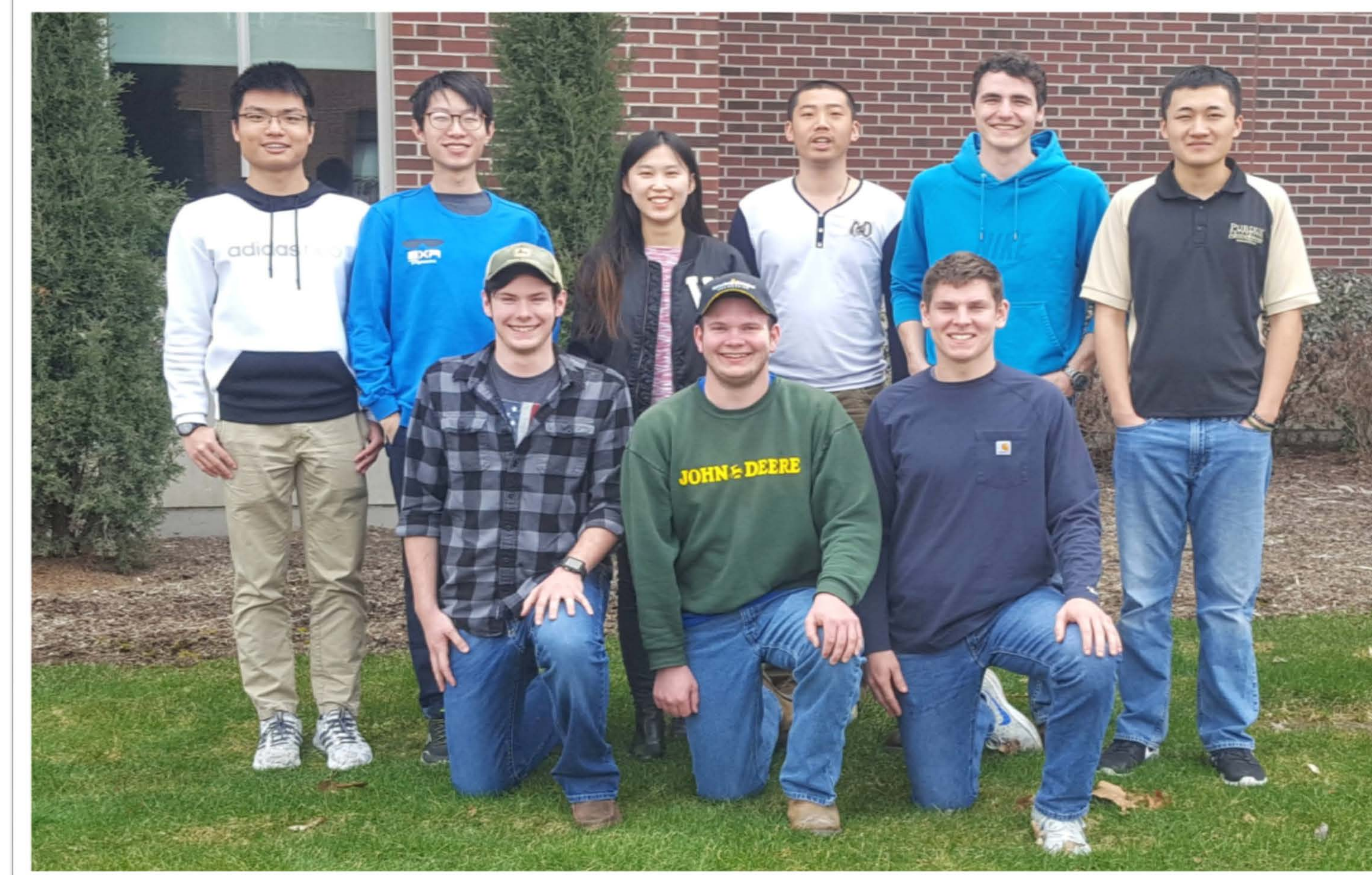
- Design a new drivetrain system to eliminate CVT (Continuously Variable Transmission) due to rules changes
- Improve the data acquisition system to get real time feedback
- Design a new exhaust system for lower noise
- Improve Frame and Suspension

**Design Constraints**

Each team of engineers were constrained by the rules of the ASABE 1/4 Scale Tractor Student Design Competition. The design constraints were:

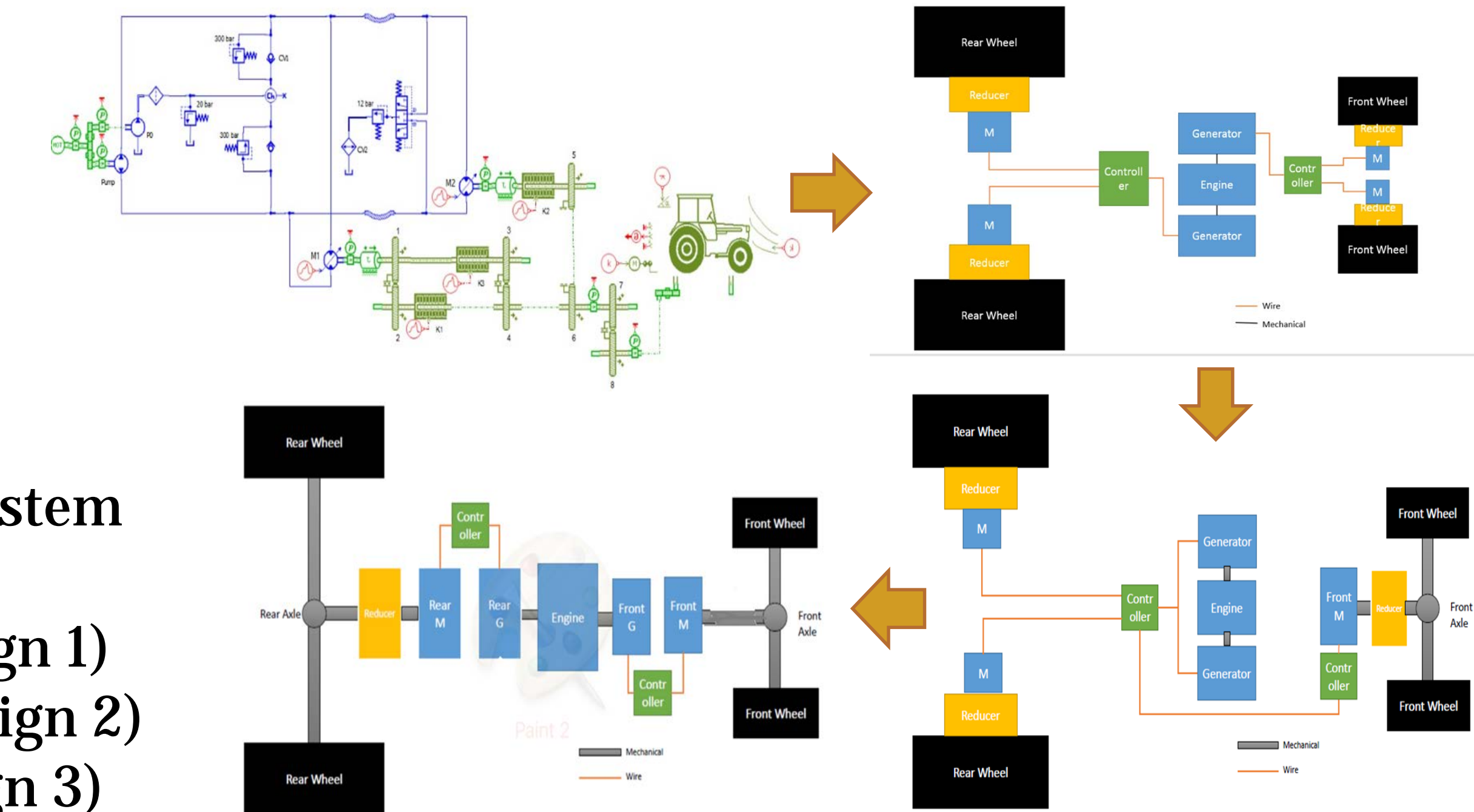
- **Weight** – Tractor may not exceed 900 lbs. maximum gross vehicle weight
- **Length** – No part of the tractor may protrude further forward than 96 inches from the center of the rear axle
- **Width** – No part of the tractor may be wider than 72 inches

There are several other limitations and rules that the team must meet to qualify for the competition, regarding component design, safety, noise, etc.



**Drivetrain**

- **Why Electronic:**
  - Competitive Efficiency
  - More precise control
  - Lower Noise
- **Alternative Designs:**
  - Closed Loop Hydraulic System
  - Electric System
    - Four Motor System (Design 1)
    - Three Motor System (Design 2)
    - Two Motor System (Design 3)



Constraints	Hydraulic	Design 1	Design 2	Design 3
Must be able to test by March 15th	N	Y	Y	Y
Operate in forward and reverse	Y	Y	Y	Y
Must give variable wheel speed control	Y	Y	Y	Y
Total drivetrain weight under 540 lbs	N	N	Y	Y

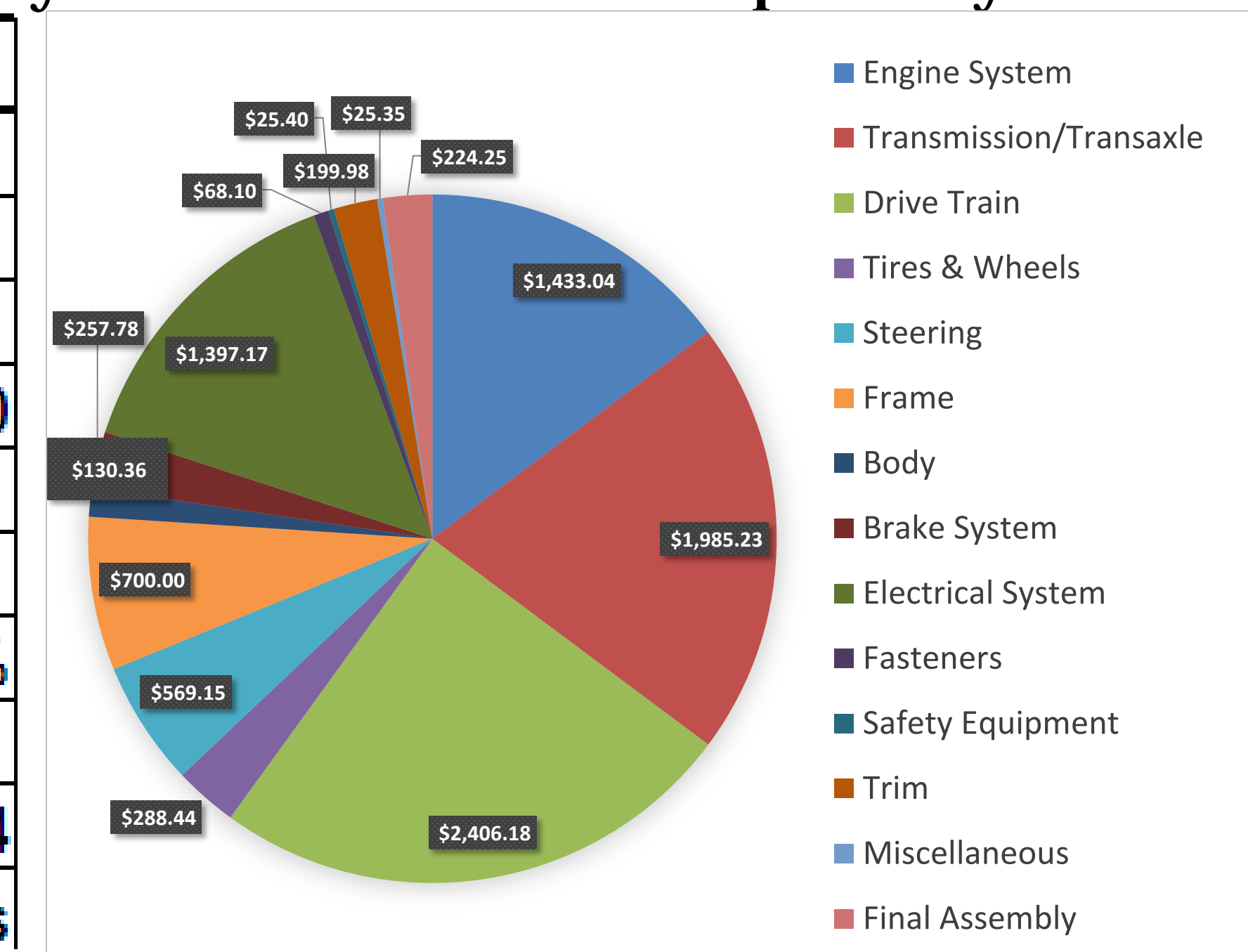
Criteria	Electronic				Low Rank	Medium Rank	High Rank
	Design 2	Design 3	Design 2	Design 3			
Manufacturability	20	4	80	5	180	Large # of parts	Medium # of parts
Serviceability	10	6	60	7	70	Hard to disassemble	Easy to disassemble
Weight Limitation	15	8	120	6	90	Over 400 lbs	300-350 lbs
Efficiency	10	5	50	5	50	80%	60-70%
Cost	5	1	5	4	20	More than 2000\$	800-1000\$
Torque	10	5	50	7	70	Less than 2000 ft lbs	2500-3000 ft lbs
Speed	10	8	80	5	90	Less than 8 mph	8-10 mph
Control difficulty	20	3	60	5	100	Difficult	Medium
Total	100	50	670				

- **Final Design and Qualification Analysis:**
  - Electric, Two Motor System has been chosen based on decision matrix.
  - **Decision Matrix 1:**
    - Design constraints are based on previous years' tractors and competition pull data.
    - Hydraulic and Electronic Design 1 are ruled out
  - **Decision Matrix 2:**
    - Criteria is based on competition rules
    - Electric Design 3 has a better overall performance

**Economic Analysis**

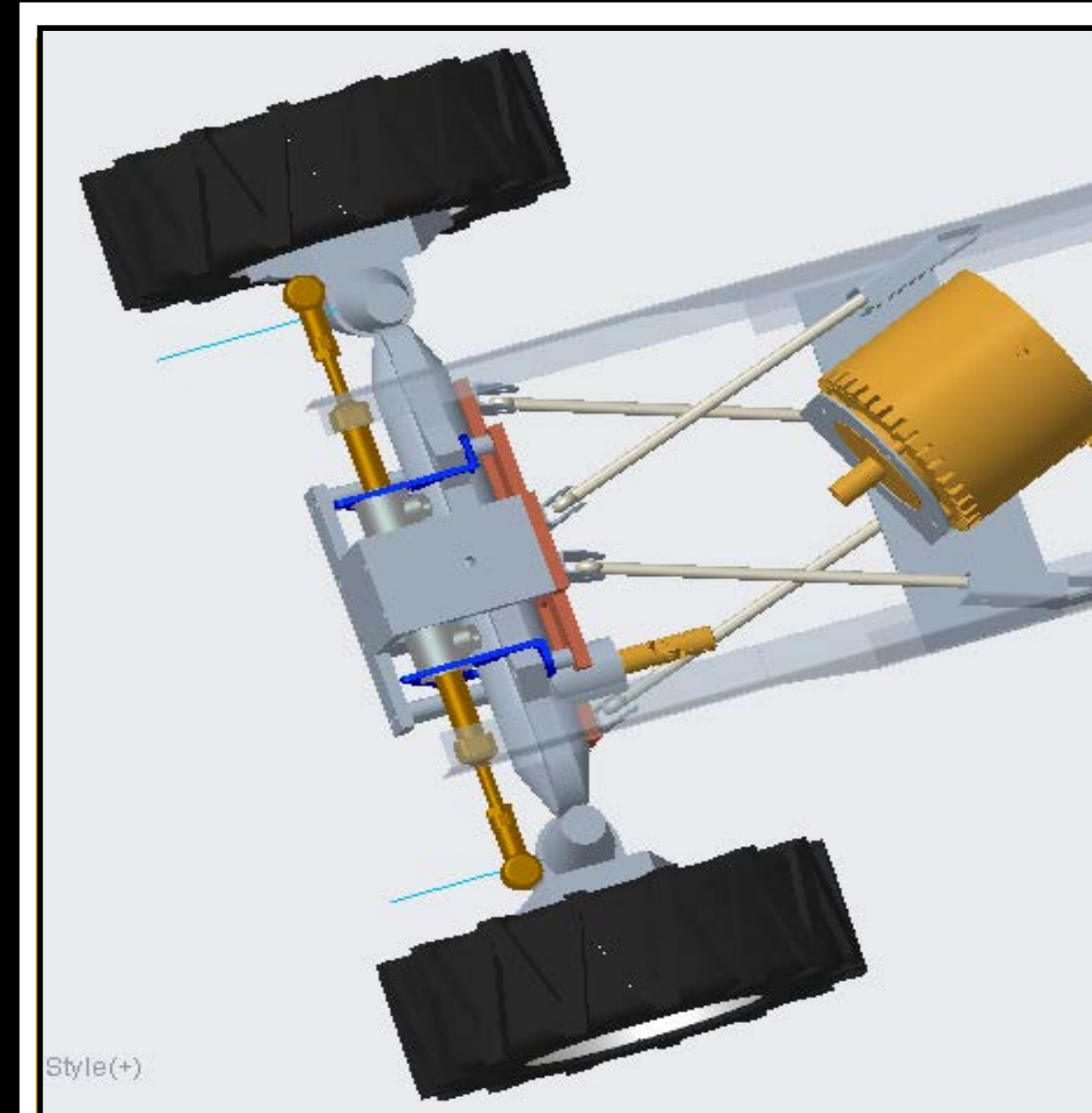
- Cost breakdown uses ASABE competition pricing constants
- All purchased parts are multiplied by 40% and Fabricated parts by 70%

Summary	
Manufacturing Variable Cost	\$ 9,710.43
Period Manufacturing Cost (14%)	\$ 1,359.46
Research & Development (6%)	\$ 582.63
Estimated Full Production Units	3000
Adjusted Manufacturing Cost	\$ 11,652.51
Suggested List Price	\$ 12,400.00
Profit Margin	6%
Yearly Net Profit	\$ 2,242,459
Total Number of Parts	174
Tractor Weight	850 lbs



**Impact and Sustainability**

- New design employs electric drivetrain system -- clean energy, easier to control and more power provided.
- Regardless of the rules, a quick-charge system should be added, then a smaller engine and generator could be used.
- Adding batteries could also make the system emissions free, which is preferred for indoor work like greenhouse.



**Suspension**

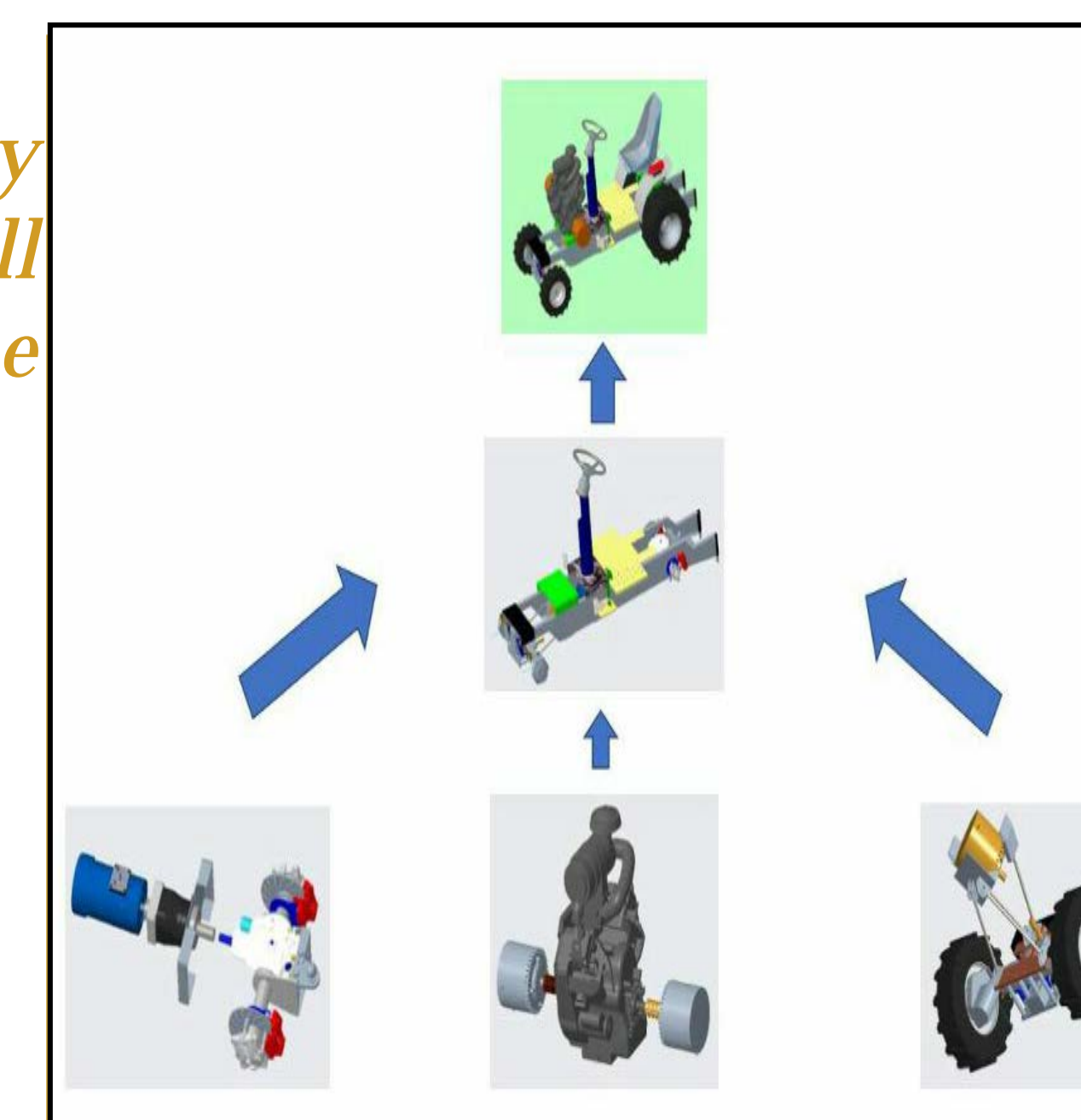
Improve operator comfort through the implementation of a flexible front axle suspension system.

Constraints	Leaf Spring	Coils over Shocks	Pneumatic four-link
Easily Compressible	N	N	Y
Lateral Stability	N	N	Y
3-6" Spring travel	Y	Y	Y
Easily Implemented	N	N	Y

**Manufacturability**

Efficient fabrication and assembly practices ensure the customer will have the lowest possible cost for the highest quality product available.

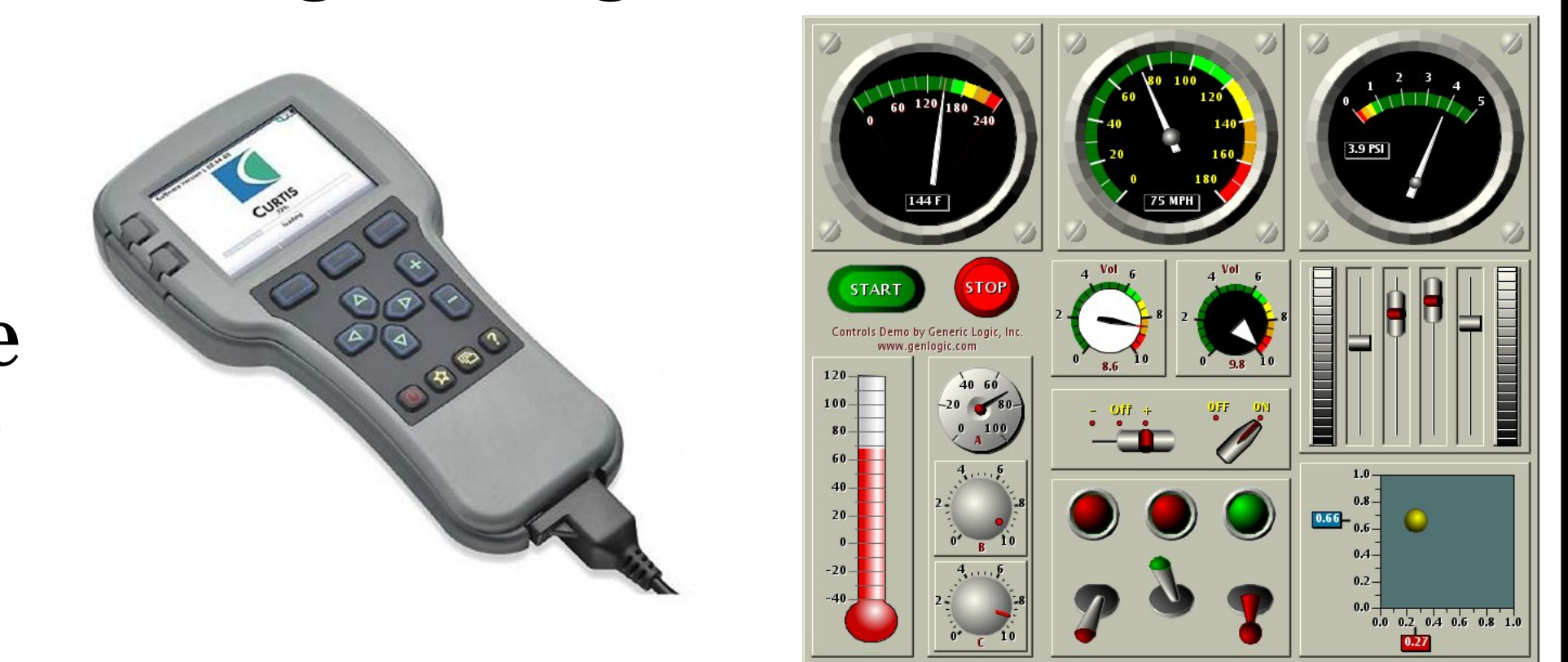
- **Manufacturing Timeline:** Selecting—Testing—Subassembly--Final Assembly--Entire Tractor Testing.



**Data Acquisition & Electronics Interface**

- 2 motor controllers + 1 PC OEM level programmer + 1 Handled OEM level programmer
- Programmer can change:
  - slew rate, max power, creep, brake regen, contactor output and many more.
- Handled programmer also acts as Display:

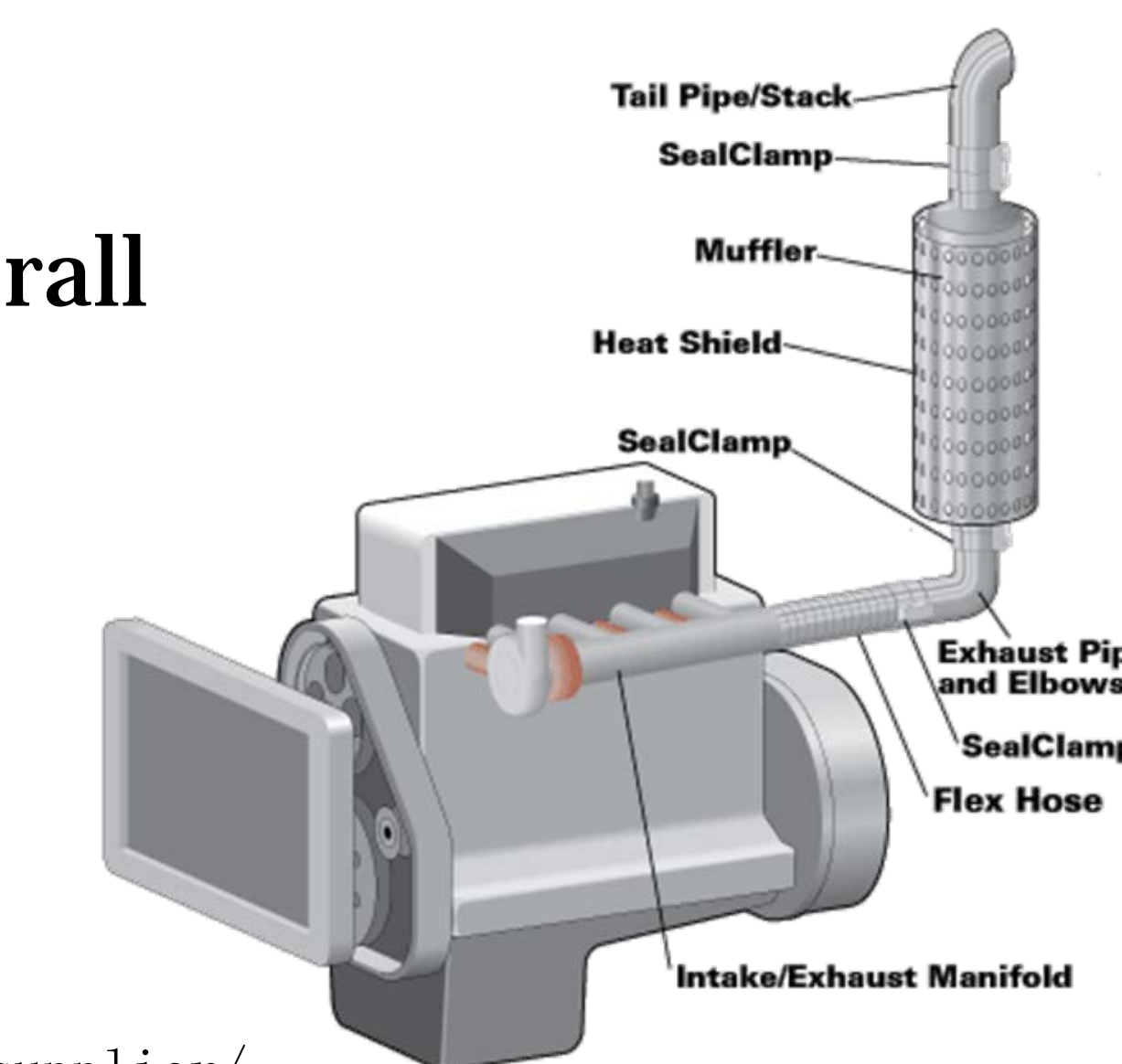
- Adjust and save parameter settings, monitor real-time data, and perform diagnostics and troubleshooting even during driving



<http://fsip.biz/Curtis1313Handset.html>

**Exhaust System**

- **Goal:**
    - Minimize system noise levels while keeping overall horsepower at an acceptable level.
  - **Improvements:**
    - One-side exhaust to have a broader view
    - Two Muffler in series
- Alternative designs: only one OEM muffler



<https://www.dearkoo.com/agricultural-exhaust-systems-supplier/>

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David Willson

**Instructors:**  
Dr. John Lumkes

**References:**  
(n.d.). Retrieved April 14, 2018, from <http://fsip.biz/Curtis1313Handset.html>  
<https://www.dearkoo.com/agricultural-exhaust-systems-supplier/>

**Acknowledgements:**

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